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### 6. Sociological Thinkers

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| (a) Talcott Parsons – Social system, pattern variables | 1. Structure of social action by Jonathan Turner  
2. IGNOU Booklet  
3. Sociology: Themes and perspectives by M.H. Haralambos |
| (b) Robert King Merton – Latent and manifest functions, conformity and deviance, reference groups | NICE Study material |
| (c) G.H. Mead – Self and identity | 1. Master of Sociological Thought by Lewis Coser  
2. Identity and development of self from a cross-cultural perspective by Stephen J. Shills |

### 7. Stratification and mobility

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2. Social Exclusion and Poverty by Todman, L.  
3. Max Weber by Frank Parkin  
4. Capitalism and modern social theory by Anthony Giddens  
5. Ethnicity and nationalism by Thomas Hylland Eriksen  
6. The Sociology of Ethnicity: The Sociology of Ethnicity by Sinisa Malesevic |
| (b) Theories of social stratification – Structural functionalist theory, Marxist theory and Weberian theory | |
| (c) Dimensions – Social stratification of class, status groups, gender, ethnicity and race | |
| (d) Social mobility – open and closed systems, types of mobility, sources and causes of mobility | |

### 8. Perspectives on the study of Indian Society:

| Perspectives on the study of Indian Society | Book recommended:  
Indian Sociology: Social conditions and Emerging concerns by Y. Singh |
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2. Caste in modern India and other essays by M.N. Srinivas  
3. Anti Utopia by Dipankar Gupta  
4. Untouchability in India by G. Shah, Harsh Mander, Sukhdeo Thorat, Satish Despande and Amita Baviskar |
| (b) Feature of caste system | |
| (c) Untouchability – forms and perspectives | |

### 10. Impact of Colonial Rule on Indian Society

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| (a) The idea of Indian village and village studies | 1. Rural Sociology by A.R. Desai  
2. IGNOU |
| (b) Agrarian social structure – evolution of land tenure system, land reforms | |

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**Web site:** www.nice-ias.com  
**e.mail:** nice_ias@yahoo.co.in
### 12. Tribal Communities in India
- Definitional problems
- Geographical spread
- Colonial policies and tribes
- Issues of integration and autonomy

**NICE Study material**

| 1. | Culture and Integration of Indian Tribes by R.S.Mann |
| 2. | Tribal India by Nadeem Hasnain |
| 3. | The Tribal Culture of India by L.P.Vidyarthi |

### 13. Social Classes in India
- Agrarian class structure
- Industrial class structure
- Middle classes in India

**NICE Study material**

| 1. | Social stratification and change in India by Y.Singh |
| 2. | Social Stratification in India by K.L.Sharma |
| 3. | IGNOU Study material |

### 14. Social Change in Modern Society
- Sociological theories of social change
- Development and dependency
- Agents of social change
- Education and social change
- Science, technology and social change

**NICE Study material**

| 1. | Sociology by T.B.Bottomore |
| 2. | The sociology of social change by Piotr Sztompka |
| 3. | Key Ideas in Sociology by Martin Slattery |

### 15. Religion and Society
- Sociological theories of religion
- Types of Religious practices: animism, monism, pluralism, sects, cults
- Religion in modern society: religion and science, secularization, religious revivalism, fundamentalism

**NICE Study material**

| 1. | Sociology: Themes and Perspective by M.H.Haralambos |
| 2. | Democracy and human rights in multicultural societies by Matthias Koenig, Paul F. A |
| 3. | The Secular Mirage: Modernity, The Postmodern Turn, and Religious Revivalism by Manochehr Dorraj |

### 16. Research Methods and Analysis
- Qualitative and quantitative methods
- Techniques of data collection
- Variables, sampling, hypothesis, reliability and validity

**NICE Study material**

| 1. | Methods in Social Research by W.J.Goode and Paul K. Hatt |
| 2. | Social Research by Satirios Sarantakos Macmillan Palgrave publication |
| 3. | Sociology: Themes and perspectives by M.H.Haralambos |
| 4. | Scientific social survey and research by Pauline V.Young and Calvin F.Schmid |

### 17. System of Kinships in India
- Lineage and descent in India
- Types of kinship systems
- Family and marriage in India
- Household dimensions of the family
- Patriarchy, entitlements and sexual division of labour

**NICE Study material**

### 18. Religion and Society
- Religious communities in India
- Problems of religious minorities

**NICE Study material**

### 19. Works and Economic Life
- Social organization of work in different types of society – slave society, feudal society, Industrial/capitalist society
- Formal and informal organization of work

**Not prepared**
### 20. Politics and Society

- **(a)** Sociological theories of power
- **(b)** Power elite, bureaucracy, pressure groups, and political parties
- **(c)** Nation, state, citizenship, democracy, civil society, ideology
- **(d)** Protest, agitation, social movements, collective action, revolution

#### Sociology: Themes and Perspectives

- **1.** Sociology: Themes and Perspective by M.H.Haralambos
- **2.** Sociology by Horton and Hunt
- **3.** India's Social Problems in Twenty First Century By M.U. Qureshi
- **4.** “The limits of public choice: a sociological critique of the economic theory of politics”
- **5.** THE STRUCTURE OF SOCIAL MOVEMENTS: ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVISM AND ITS OPPONENTS Luther P. Gerlach
- **6.** Scholarship on social movement organizations: classic views and emerging trends *Beth Schaefer Caniglia and JoAnn Carmin*

### 21. System of Kinship

- **(a)** Family, household, marriage
- **(b)** Types and forms of family
- **(c)** Lineage and descent
- **(d)** Patriarchy and sexual division of labour
- **(e)** Contemporary trends

#### NICE Study material

- **1.** Sociology: Themes and Perspectives by M.H.Haralambos
- **2.** “The family of woman: lesbian mothers, their children, and the undoing of gender” By Maureen Sullivan, University of California Press
- **3.** Sociology by Horton and Hunt

### 22. Social Changes in India

- **(a)** Visions of Social Changes in India
- **(b)** Idea of development planning and mixed economy
- **(c)** Constitution, law and social change
- **(d)** Education and social change

#### NICE Study material

- **1.** Handbook of Indian Sociology edited by Veena Das
- **2.** Documents of various ministries
- **3.** “Political Economy and Class Contradictions” By Jose J. Nedumpara
- **4.** Bonded Labour in India: Its Incidence and Pattern: Ravi S.Shrivastava (JNU)
- **5.** Reports of ILO and World Bank

### 23. Rural and Agrarian Transformation in India

- **(a)** Programmes of rural development, community development programme, cooperatives, poverty alleviation schemes
- **(b)** Green revolution and social change
- **(c)** Changing modes of production in Indian agriculture
- **(d)** Problems of rural labour, bondage, migration

#### NICE Study material

- **1.** Development-induced displacement and resettlement Author: Jason Stanley
- **2.** National Commission of Women’s report
- **3.** National crime Bureau Data
- **4.** Handbook of Indian Sociology edited by Veena Das
- **5.** Communalism, caste and Hindu nationalism” By Ornit Shani
- **6.** Democracy and ethnic conflict by

### 24. Challenges of Social Transformation

- **(a)** Crisis of development : displacement, environmental problems and sustainability
- **(b)** Poverty, deprivation and inequalities
- **(c)** Violence against women
- **(d)** Caste conflicts, communalism, religious revivalism
- **(e)** Literacy and disparities in education

#### NICE Study material

- **1.** Development-induced displacement and resettlement Author: Jason Stanley
- **2.** National Commission of Women’s report
- **3.** National crime Bureau Data
- **4.** Handbook of Indian Sociology edited by Veena Das
- **5.** Communalism, caste and Hindu nationalism” By Ornit Shani
- **6.** Democracy and ethnic conflict by
### Note 1
You must go through the book “Sociology: Themes and Perspective” by M.H. Haralambos thoroughly before proceeding with the study material.

### Note 2
Besides above mentioned books various other reliable web sites, Journals, reports of various institutions, papers and books have been consulted while preparing the Study Material.

### Note 3
Recommendation of books should not be interpreted as final. Question may come beyond them also.

### Note 4
You must prepare your own synopsis. Don’t try to have ready-made solutions. It limits your knowledge thereby limiting maneuverability.

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#### 25. Industrialisation and Urbanisation in India
- **(a)** Evolution of modern Indian industry
- **(b)** Growth of urban settlements in India
- **(c)** Working class: structure, growth, class mobilization
- **(d)** Informal sector, child labour
- **(e)** Slums and deprivation in urban areas

- Rajat Ganguly
  7. Historical process responsible for generating communal consciousness in India: K.N. Panniker
  8. And others

- NICE Study material

#### 26. Politics and Society
- **(a)** Nation, democracy and citizenship
- **(b)** Political parties, pressure groups, social and political elites
- **(c)** Regionalism and decentralization of power
- **(d)** Secularisation

- NICE Study material

1. Handbook of Indian Sociology edited by Veena Das
2. IGNOU
3. Social stratification and change in India by Y. Singh
4. NCERT Book
5. A paper by Muchkund Dubey Ex Foreign Secretary
6. Rural Sociology by A.R. Desai
7. Prophets Facing Backward by Meera Nanda
8. Article by Andre Betelle
1. Prepare synopsis on your own: don’t try to have ready-made solutions. It limits your knowledge thereby limiting maneuverability.
2. Identify your ability, whether you are good in memorization skill or good at analytical explanation. Strengthen that ability. And try to improve the other one.
3. Flow of the answer: answers should not be like snap shots. Answer should unfold gradually from general to specific. Each subsequent para should seem coming out of the previous para.
4. Write your answers in evolutionary manner. From general to specific
5. Focus: main demands
6. Locus: maneuverability
7. Minimisation of mistakes:
8. Role of language is limited to the expression of ideas. No need to be ornamental and rhetoric. Keep the language simple and straight. Pupils who are weak in English should always write small sentences. Do not write long and complex sentences. You may not be able to express correctly what you want to say. Chances of mistake more.
9. Conclusion should be gradual.
10. Case Studies: case studies in social sciences are like data of natural science. You don’t need to write the elaborate case studies. Its’ role is limited to substantiation. So, whenever you express some abstract statement, you need to substantiate through either a case study or through the theoretical perspective of a well known sociologists (or anthropologists).
11. Syllabus can be divided into two categories: qualitative and quantitative.
12. No knowledge is complete. There is always scope for improvement. How much you should read depends upon your intelligence and the time you have for a particular topic.
13. Revision is must. Your own made synopsis comes very handy during exam time.
1. Illustrate: to make clear or intelligible, as by examples or analogies
2. Elucidate: To make clear or plain, especially by explanation; clarify
3. Examine: to interrogate closely <examine a prisoner> b: to test by questioning in order to determine progress, fitness, or knowledge
4. **SYNONYMS** discuss, argue, debate, dispute, contend. These verbs mean to talk with others in an effort to reach agreement, to ascertain truth, or to convince. *Discuss* involves **close examination of a subject with interchange of opinions**: *My therapist discussed my concerns with my parents.* *Argue* emphasizes the presentation of facts and reasons in support of a position opposed by others: *The lawyer argued the plaintiff's case.* *Debate* involves formal, often public argument: *The candidates debated the campaign issues.* *Dispute* implies differences of opinion and usually sharp argument: *The senators disputed over increases in the proposed budget.* To *contend* is to strive in debate or controversy: *She contended that her theory was easily proven.*